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Coinsurance

Coinsurance is the percentage of the Plan allowance that you must pay for your care. Your coinsurance is based on the Plan allowance, or billed amount, whichever is less. **Under Standard Option only**, coinsurance does not begin until you have met your calendar year deductible. See Section 5(i) for information about the deductible and overseas benefits.

Example: You pay 15% of the Plan allowance under Standard Option for durable medical equipment obtained from a Preferred provider, after meeting your \$350 calendar year deductible.

If your provider routinely waives your cost

Note: **If your provider routinely waives** (does not require you to pay) your applicable deductible (under Standard Option only), coinsurance, or copayments, the provider is misstating the fee and may be violating the law. In this case, when we calculate our share, we will reduce the provider's fee by the amount waived.

Example: If your physician ordinarily charges \$100 for a service but routinely waives your 35% Standard Option coinsurance, the actual charge is \$65. We will pay \$42.25 (65% of the actual charge of \$65).

Waivers

In some instances, a Preferred, Participating, or Member provider may ask you to sign a "waiver" prior to receiving care. This waiver may state that you accept responsibility for the total charge for any care that is not covered by your health plan. If you sign such a waiver, whether or not you are responsible for the total charge depends on the contracts that the Local Plan has with its providers. If you are asked to sign this type of waiver, please be aware that, if benefits are denied for the services, you could be legally liable for the related expenses. If you would like more information about waivers, please contact us at the customer service phone number on the back of your ID card.

Differences between our allowance and the bill

Our "**Plan allowance**" is the amount we use to calculate our payment for certain types of covered services. Fee-for-service plans arrive at their allowances in different ways, so allowances vary. For information about how we determine our Plan allowance, see the definition of Plan allowance in Section 10.

Often, the provider's bill is more than a fee-for-service plan's allowance. It is possible for a provider's bill to exceed the plan's allowance by a significant amount. Whether or not you have to pay the difference between our allowance and the bill will depend on the type of provider you use. Providers that have agreements with this Plan are Preferred or Participating and will not bill you for any balances

that are in excess of our allowance for covered services. See the descriptions appearing below for the types of providers available in this Plan.

• **Preferred providers**. These types of providers have agreements with the Local Plan to limit what they bill our members. Because of that, when you use a Preferred provider, your share of the provider's bill for covered care is limited.

Under Standard Option, your share consists only of your deductible and coinsurance or copayment. Here is an example about coinsurance: You see a Preferred physician who charges \$250, but our allowance is \$100. If you have met your deductible, you are only responsible for your coinsurance. That is, under Standard Option, you pay just 15% of our \$100 allowance (\$15). Because of the agreement, your Preferred physician will not bill you for the \$150 difference between our allowance and the bill.

Under Basic Option, your share consists only of your copayment or coinsurance amount, since there is no calendar year deductible. Here is an example involving a copayment: You see a Preferred physician who charges \$250 for covered services subject to a \$30 copayment. Even though our allowance may be \$100, you still pay just the \$30 copayment. Because of the agreement, your Preferred physician will not bill you for the \$220 difference between your copayment and the bill.

Remember, under Basic Option, you must use Preferred providers in order to receive benefits. See page 20 for the exceptions to this requirement.

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